

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

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FINANCIAL SECTION



**PROSPECTIVE
BUSINESS
SOLUTIONS, LLC**
Certified Public Accountants

Auditing, Accounting, and Consulting Services for
Governments and Nonprofit Organizations

Board of Directors
Academy 360 Charter School
Denver, Colorado

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Academy 360 Charter School (the "School"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Academy 360 Charter School as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, the schedules of the School's proportionate share, and the schedules of the School's contributions on pages 44-48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

PB Solutions LLC

Littleton, Colorado
October 20, 2022

Academy 360 Charter School Management Discussion and Analysis

As management of Academy 360 Charter School (A360 or the School), we offer readers of Academy 360 Charter School's financial statements our narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

The year ended June 30, 2022 is the ninth year of operations for A360. As of June 30, 2022, net position increased by \$632,239 to \$433,755. This balance includes the result of the implementation of regulations under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) Numbers 68 and 75. Further information about GASB 68 and 75 is provided in Notes 8 and 9 of the financial statements.

The operations of the School are funded primarily by tax revenue received under the Colorado School Finance Act in Per Pupil Revenue. Such revenue for the year was \$1,387,984. At the close of the fiscal year, Academy 360 Charter School's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$907,263, an increase of \$373,177 from prior year.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected grant expenses and earned but unpaid salary and benefits).

The government-wide statement of activities distinguishes functions/programs of the School supported primarily by Per Pupil Revenue or other revenues passed through from the authorizer (Denver Public Schools). The governmental activities of the School include instructional, supporting services, and interest and other fiscal charges.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other governmental units or schools, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The School has two governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School adopts annually appropriated budgets for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund has been provided herein.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. This information is provided in pages 7-43.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School's financial position. In the case of Academy 360 Charter School, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows, resulting in a net position of \$433,755 in FY 2021-2022. Of the School's total net position, \$94,363 is restricted to comply with Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, known as the TABOR Amendment, and \$47,214 is invested in capital assets. Accordingly, these funds are not available to satisfy the School's general operating expenses.

**Academy 360 Charter School's Net Position
Governmental Activities**

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,184,021	\$ 555,232
Accounts Receivable	74,072	105,072
Prepaid Expenses	43,999	37,704
Capital Assets, Net of Accum Depreciation	589,254	715,561
Right to Use Asset - Building	1,090,141	-
Total Assets	2,981,487	1,413,569
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	466,619	691,951
Related to OPEB	23,226	19,419
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	489,845	711,370
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	-	741
Accrued Expenses	136,115	111,870
Unearned Revenues	258,714	51,311
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Due in One Year	796,925	67,967
Due in More than One Year	835,256	487,043
Net Pension Liability	7,946	697,963
Net OPEB Liability	17,950	35,514
Total Liabilities	2,052,906	1,452,409
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	956,328	848,646
Related to OPEB	28,343	22,368
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	984,671	871,014
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	47,214	160,551
Restricted for Emergencies	94,363	76,065
Unrestricted	292,178	(435,100)
Total Net Position	\$ 433,755	\$ (198,484)

The largest portion of the School's assets is in capital assets, at 56% of total assets in 2022.

**Academy 360 Charter School's Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities**

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Program Revenue:		
Charges for Services	\$ 8,520	\$ -
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,079,114	450,622
Capital Grants and Contributions	55,824	56,730
Total Program Revenue	<u>1,143,458</u>	<u>507,352</u>
General Revenue:		
Per Pupil Revenue	1,387,984	1,232,395
Mill Levy Override	470,603	429,185
ECE Funding	379,792	368,982
Interest	905	494
Other	75,704	116,878
Total General Revenue	<u>2,314,988</u>	<u>2,147,934</u>
Total Revenue	<u>3,458,446</u>	<u>2,655,286</u>
Expenses:		
Instructional	1,196,138	1,472,812
Supporting Services	1,498,317	1,187,004
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	131,752	43,329
Total Expenses	<u>2,826,207</u>	<u>2,703,145</u>
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	632,239	(47,859)
Net Position, Beginning	<u>(198,484)</u>	<u>(150,625)</u>
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$ 433,755</u>	<u>\$ (198,484)</u>

The largest portion of the School's revenues came from Per Pupil Revenue – 40%, respectively in 2022.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School's General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$907,263, an increase of \$373,177 from prior year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School's Debt Service Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$0, no change from the prior year. This fund records the activity of the A360 Building Corporation (the "Corporation"), created for the purpose of issuing and paying debt on behalf of the School.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School approves a General Fund budget in May based on enrollment projections for the school year. In October, after enrollment stabilizes, adjustments are made to the budget. At year-end, the School had some variances between its final budgeted and actual activities. Overall, the School recognized \$74,366 less revenue than expected and spent \$376,689 less than planned, when compared to the final budget. One budget amendment was made during FY 2021-2022.

Capital Assets & Long-Term Debt

The School has invested in capital assets in the form of building improvements to the School's facility, and equipment to support the School's educational program. Additionally, a right to use asset was added for the year ended June 30, 2022, to account for a change in accounting principals related to leases. Additional information related to capital assets may be found in Note 4 to the financial statements. Additional information related to the change in accounting principal may be found in Note 6 to the financial statements. Depreciation and amortization expenses are booked under supporting services of the School's operations.

The School has three long-term debt obligations used to finance leasehold improvements; one loan through the Charter School Development Corporation (CSDC) and two agreements with the school's landlord. Additionally, a lease liability was added for the year ended June 30, 2022, to account for a change in accounting principals related to leases. Additional information related to long-term debt may be found in Note 5 to the financial statements. Additional information related to the change in accounting principal may be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The primary factors driving the budget for Academy 360 Charter School are student enrollment and Per Pupil Revenue. Enrollment for the 2021-2022 school year was 143.00 funded students. This information was analyzed as part of the 2021-2022 budget which is projecting a 130.00 funded student count.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Academy 360 Charter School's finances for all those with an interest in the School's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the School:

Academy 360 Charter School
12000 East 47th Avenue
Denver, CO 80239

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2022

	<u>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,184,021
Accounts Receivable	74,072
Prepaid Expenses	43,999
Capital Assets, Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	589,254
Right to Use Asset - Building	<u>1,090,141</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>2,981,487</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Pensions	466,619
Related to OPEB	<u>23,226</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>489,845</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	-
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	136,115
Unearned Revenues	258,714
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Due in One Year	796,925
Due in More than One Year	835,256
Net Pension Liability	7,946
Net OPEB Liability	<u>17,950</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>2,052,906</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Pensions	956,328
Related to OPEB	<u>28,343</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>984,671</u>
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	47,214
Restricted for Emergencies	94,363
Unrestricted	<u>292,178</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u><u>\$ 433,755</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2022

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	PROGRAM REVENUES		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
		CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Governmental Activities					
Instructional	\$ 1,196,138	\$ -	\$ 644,064	\$ -	\$ (552,074)
Supporting Services	1,498,317	8,520	435,050	55,824	(998,923)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	131,752	-	-	-	(131,752)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,826,207	\$ 8,520	\$ 1,079,114	\$ 55,824	(1,682,749)
GENERAL REVENUES					
					1,387,984
					470,603
					379,792
					905
					75,704
					2,314,988
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					632,239
NET POSITION, Beginning					(198,484)
NET POSITION, Ending					\$ 433,755

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,184,021	\$ -	\$ 1,184,021
Accounts Receivable	74,072	-	74,072
Prepaid Expenses	43,999	-	43,999
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,302,092	\$ -	\$ 1,302,092
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued Salaries	136,115	-	136,115
Unearned Revenue	258,714	-	258,714
TOTAL LIABILITIES	394,829	-	394,829
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	43,999	-	43,999
Restricted for Emergencies	94,363	-	94,363
Unassigned	768,901	-	768,901
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	907,263	-	907,263
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,302,092	\$ -	\$ 1,302,092

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances of governmental funds		\$	907,263
Noncurrent assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
	Capital Assets, not depreciated	-	
	Capital Assets, depreciated	1,272,195	
	Accumulated Depreciation	(682,941)	
	Right to Use Asset - Building	2,641,053	
	Accumulated Amortization	<u>(1,550,912)</u>	1,679,395
Long-term liabilities and related assets are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
	Notes Payable	(487,050)	
	Lease Payable	(1,145,131)	
	Net Pension Liability	(7,946)	
	Net OPEB Liability	<u>(17,950)</u>	(1,658,077)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
	Deferred outflows of resources - Related to Pensions	466,619	
	Deferred outflows of resources - Related to OPEB	23,226	
	Deferred inflows of resources - Related to Pensions	(956,328)	
	Deferred inflows of resources - Related to OPEB	<u>(28,343)</u>	<u>(494,826)</u>
Net position of governmental activities		\$	<u>433,755</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES			
Local Sources	\$ 2,827,417	\$ -	\$ 2,827,417
State Sources	127,498	-	127,498
Federal Sources	572,390	-	572,390
	<u>3,527,305</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,527,305</u>
TOTAL REVENUES			
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Instruction	1,441,363	-	1,441,363
Supporting Services	1,204,662	-	1,204,662
Debt Service			
Principal	308,391	67,960	376,351
Interest	91,627	40,125	131,752
	<u>3,046,043</u>	<u>108,085</u>	<u>3,154,128</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>481,262</u>	<u>(108,085)</u>	<u>373,177</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	-	108,085	108,085
Transfers Out	(108,085)	-	(108,085)
	<u>(108,085)</u>	<u>108,085</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	373,177	-	373,177
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	<u>534,086</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>534,086</u>
FUND BALANCES, Ending	<u>\$ 907,263</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 907,263</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	373,177
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities.			
Capital Outlay		-	
Depreciation	(126,307)		
Amortization	(363,381)		(489,688)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require current financial resources and are not reported in the funds.			
Principal Payments on Notes and Leases			376,351
Deferred Charges related to pensions and OPEB are not recognized in the governmental funds. However, for the government-wide funds those amounts are capitalized and amortized.			
Deferred charges related to Pension Plan	357,003		
Deferred charges related to OPEB	15,396		372,399
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	<u>632,239</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Academy 360 Charter School (the “School”) was formed pursuant to the Colorado Charter Schools Act to form and operate a charter school within the Denver Public Schools District (the “District”). The School is governed by a five-member Board of Directors.

The accounting policies of the School conform with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental entities. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and reporting principals. Following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The financial reporting entity consists of the School and organizations for which the School is financially accountable. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if the School’s officials appoint a voting majority for the organization’s governing body and either it is able to impose its will on the organization, or if the organization provides benefits to, or imposes financial burdens on the School. The School may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Based on the application of this criteria, the School includes the following organization within its reporting entity:

A360 Building Corporation

The A360 Building Corporation (the “Corporation”) was formed to support the School to perform its function and to carry out its purpose, specifically to provide a mechanism to issue debt on behalf of the School. The Corporation is considered to be part of the School for financial reporting purposes because its resources are entirely for the benefit of the School. The Corporation is blended into the School’s financial statements as a debt service fund. Separate financial statements are not available for the Corporation.

The School is a component unit of the Denver Public Schools District.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the School. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column.

The statement of net position reports all financial, capital and debt resources of the School. The difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the School is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to students or other customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation
(Continued)

enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Intergovernmental revenues, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, the School reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the activities of the A360 Building Corporation.

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance/Net Position

Deposits and Investments – For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the School considers cash and cash equivalents to be all demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date of three months or less. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables – All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Prepaid Expenses – Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future periods are recorded as prepaid expenses. An expenditure is reported in the year in which the services are consumed.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Property and equipment of the School is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings and Improvements	10 years
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Unearned Revenues – The deferred revenues include amounts received but not yet available for expenditure.

Accrued Salaries and Benefits – Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from August to July but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, as of June 30, 2022, were \$136,115 . The accrued compensation is reported as a liability in the General Fund.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources expense (expenditure) until then.

Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflow of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Debt – In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as current expenditures.

Compensated Absences – The School’s policy allows employees to accumulate sick and vacation leave. Employees who resign or terminate employment are paid for their unused personal leave of absence days at their daily rate. No liability is recorded in the School’s government-wide statement of net position.

Net Position – The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Investment in Capital Assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

Restricted Net Position are liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use.

Unrestricted Net Position represents assets that do not have any third-party limitation on their use. While School management may have categorized and segmented portion for various purposes, the School Board has the unrestricted right to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

Fund Balance Classification – The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School considers prepaid expenses as nonspendable.
- Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The School has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

- Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The School did not have any committed resources as of June 30, 2022.
- Assigned – This classification includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for a specific purpose that are neither considered restricted nor committed. The School did not have any assigned fund balances at June 30, 2022.
- Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The School would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned fund balance.

Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The School purchases commercial insurance for these risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in the last three years.

Income Taxes

The School is a tax-exempt entity under section 501 (c) 3 of the US Internal Revenue Code. The School's tax filings are subject to audit by various taxing authorities. The School believes it has no significant uncertain tax provisions for the year ended June 30, 2022.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Subsequent Events

The School has evaluated events subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2022 through October 20, 2022, the date these financial statements were issued, and has incorporated any required recognition into these financial statements.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets

A budget is adopted for the General Fund on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The budget is adopted by the Board of Directors prior to June 30. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Revisions to the budget must be approved by the Board of Directors. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2022 cash and investments consist of the following:

Deposits	\$ 814,752
Investments	<u>369,269</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 1,184,021</u></u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits (Continued)

Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At June 30, 2022 State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the School are eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held.

The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

At June 30, 2022, the School had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$814,752. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$882,792. Of these balances \$250,000 were covered by federal depository and \$632,792 were covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agent in the financial institution's name (PDPA).

Investments

Interest Rate Risk

The School does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest which includes:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 3: **CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The School does not have a formal investment policy to limit credit risk. However, the School follows state statutes regarding investments.

Local Government Investment Pools

The School has invested \$369,269 in the Colorado Statewide Investment Pool (CSIP) an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado pursuant to Title 24, Article 75, Part 7 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating the Pools. CSIP reports its underlying investments at amortized cost and is considered a qualifying external investment pool under GASB Statement 79. CSIP operates similar to money market funds where each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The fair value of the position in the pools is the same as the value of the pooled shares.

CSIP is rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities are owned by the pools and held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pools. Investments of the pools comply with state statutes, consisting of obligations and repurchase agreements of the U.S government and its Agencies and Instrumentalities, Commercial Paper, Corporate Notes and Bonds, Obligations of Banks, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, Floating-Rate and Variable-Rate Obligations, Municipal Obligations, Money Market Mutual Funds, Bank and Savings Accounts, and any investment authorized by section 24-75-601 et.seq. of the Colorado Revised Statutes. Investments withdrawn in advance of maturity are subject to premature redemption penalties.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is summarized below:

	Balance 6/30/2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2022
Governmental Activities				
Capital Asset, Being				
Depreciated				
Building Improvements	1,091,677	-	-	1,091,677
Equipment	180,518	-	-	180,518
Right to Use Asset-Building	2,641,053	-	-	2,641,053
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	<u>3,913,248</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,913,248</u>
Accumulated Depreciation				
Building Improvements	510,097	110,113	-	620,210
Equipment	46,537	16,194	-	62,731
Right to Use Asset-Building	1,187,531	363,381	-	1,550,912
Total Depreciation	<u>1,744,165</u>	<u>489,688</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,233,853</u>
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	<u>2,169,083</u>	<u>(489,688)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,679,395</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 2,169,083</u>	<u>\$ (489,688)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,679,395</u>

Depreciation and amortization have been charged to the Supporting Services program of the School.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the School’s long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance 6/30/2021	Additions	Payments	Balance 6/30/2022	Due In One Year
Note Payable CSDC	\$ 491,449	\$ -	\$ 53,131	\$ 438,318	\$ 438,318
Note Payable Landlord	42,255	-	9,856	32,399	10,330
Note Payable Landlord	21,306	-	4,973	16,333	5,202
Net Pension Liability	697,963	-	690,017	7,946	-
Net OPEB Liability	35,514	-	17,564	17,950	-
Total	\$ 1,288,487	\$ -	\$ 775,541	\$ 512,946	\$ 453,850

Note Payable – CSDC

On May 15, 2015 the School entered into a loan agreement with Charter School Development Corporation (“CSDC”) in the amount of \$350,000. Proceeds of the loan were used to finance tenant leasehold improvements to the School’s educational facility. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, an additional amount of \$347,670 was loaned to the School to provide funding for additional improvements.

The note carries an interest rate of 7%. Monthly principal and interest payments in the amount of \$7,557 are due through May 2023. A balloon payment in the amount of the remaining outstanding principal balance and any accrued interest is due in May 2023.

Future debt service requirements on the CSDC loan are as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 438,318	\$ 26,493	\$ 464,811

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Notes Payable – 12000 E. 47th, LLC (Landlord)

Sprinkler System

The School’s amended facility agreement with its landlord includes an agreement that the landlord will make improvements to the property’s sprinkler system at a total cost not to exceed \$178,500 of which the School is to reimburse the landlord for a maximum of 50 percent of the cost. Under the terms of the agreement, the School agreed to reimburse the landlord for \$89,250.

The note carries an interest rate of 4.5%. Monthly principal and interest payments in the amount of \$964 are due to the landlord through June 2025.

At June 30, 2022, the outstanding principal balance on the note is \$32,399.

Tenant Improvements

The amended facilities agreement with the landlord also includes an agreement that the School will reimburse the landlord for tenant improvements not to exceed \$45,000. The tenant improvement allowance is repaid by the School beginning in January 2016 through June 2025.

The note carries an interest rate of 4.5%. Monthly principal and interest payments in the amount of \$486 are due through June 2025.

At June 30, 2022, the outstanding principal balance on the note is \$16,333.

Future debt service requirements on the notes are as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 15,532	\$ 1,868	\$ 17,400
2024	16,223	1,177	17,400
2025	16,977	423	17,400
Total	<u>\$ 48,732</u>	<u>\$ 3,468</u>	<u>\$ 52,200</u>

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES-LEASES

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information for the government’s leasing activities. For lessees, the accounting standard establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use a leased asset. The standard also establishes requirements for lessors to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the School’s financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The following is a summary of the School’s lease transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance <u>6/30/2021</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Payments</u>	Balance <u>6/30/2022</u>	Due In <u>One Year</u>
Building Lease	<u>\$ 1,453,522</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 308,391</u>	<u>\$ 1,145,131</u>	<u>\$ 343,075</u>

Building Lease Agreement

On August 25, 2014, the School entered into a lease agreement with 12000 E. 47th LLC for its facility, commencing on December 22, 2014. The lease agreement was amended on May 1, 2015 and again on May 10, 2018. The balance of the lease liability under at June 30, 2022 was \$1,145,131. The interest rate implied in the lease is calculated at 7%. Under the terms on the third amendment of the lease, the School eliminated its obligation to lease additional space as defined in the original agreement. The amended lease payment schedule requires the School to make monthly lease payments ranging from \$30,078 to \$36,997 beginning in May 2018 through January 2025.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	Principal	Interest
2023	343,075	\$ 69,397
2024	380,704	44,195
2025	<u>421,352</u>	<u>16,257</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,145,131</u>	<u>\$ 129,849</u>

Total rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$400,018.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 7: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund transferred \$108,085 to the Debt Service Fund to cover the School's debt obligations.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The School participates in the Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund (DPS Division), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the DPS Division have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the School are provided with pensions through the DPS Division—a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2021. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure, and eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the DPS Division. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2022: Eligible employees of, the School and the State are required to contribute to the DPS Division at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the DPS Division are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.50% of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

	July 1, 2021 Through December 31, 2021	January 1, 2022 Through June 30, 2022
Employer contribution rate	10.90%	10.90%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the DPS HCTF as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02%)	(1.02%)
PCOP offset as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-412 ¹	(12.09%)	(11.47%)
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the DPS Division	7.79%	8.41%

** Contribution rates for the DPS Division are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the DPS Division in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the DPS Division. Employer contributions recognized by the DPS Division from the School were \$129,944 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the DPS Division and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the DPS Division based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the DPS Division to the total annual payroll of the DPS Division, State Division Trust Fund, School Division Trust Fund, and Judicial Division Trust Fund. In addition to the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution due July 1, 2022, House Bill (HB) 22-1029, instructs the State treasurer to issue a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars), upon enactment, with reductions to future direct distributions scheduled to occur July 1, 2023, and July 1, 2024.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the DPS Division was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TPL to December 31, 2021. The School’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School’s contributions to the DPS Division for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2022 the School reported a liability of \$7,946 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected an increase for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

The School’s proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$7,946
The State’s proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the School	2,333
Total	\$10,279

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the proportion was 0.1331%, which was a decrease of 0.0221% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School recognized pension expense of (\$262,949) and revenue of \$32,970 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2022, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$67,895	\$-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	82,843	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	776,374
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	246,895	179,954
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	69,036	-
Total	\$466,619	\$956,328

\$69,036 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2023	(\$88,029)
2024	(\$163,663)
2025	(\$213,410)
2026	(\$93,643)

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The TPL in the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions, and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	3.80%-11.50%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.00%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the AIR

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets

The TPL as of December 31, 2021, includes the anticipated adjustments to contribution rates and the AI cap, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefit-weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

- **Males:** 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in Senate Bill (SB) 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions for the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered AI cap, from 1.25% to 1.00%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the DPS Division’s FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the School’s proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$766,096	\$7,946	(\$618,041)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the DPS Division’s FNP is available in PERA’s ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. The School participates in the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF), a single-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the DPS HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the School are provided with OPEB through the DPS HCTF—a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The DPS HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The DPS HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the DPS HCTF and the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid. C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 *et seq.* specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the DPS HCTF or the HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the DPS HCTF or the HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the DPS HCTF. PERA reporting agencies of the DPS Division are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the DPS HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the DPS HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the DPS HCTF from the School were \$16,105 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At ended June 30, 2022, the School reported a liability of \$17,950 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the DPS HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TOL to December 31, 2021. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the School's contributions to the DPS HCTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the DPS HCTF.

At December 31, 2021, the School proportion was 0.1706%, which was an increase of 0.0155% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School recognized OPEB expense of \$709.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At ended June 30, 2022, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$-	\$16,288
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	2	2,181
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	9,720
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	15,092	154
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	8,132	-
Total	\$23,226	\$28,343

\$8,132 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	(\$3,238)
2024	(\$4,130)
2025	(\$3,579)
2026	(\$2,005)
2027	(\$302)
Thereafter	\$5

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The TOL in the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions, and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.80%-11.50%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	4.50% in 2021, 6.00% in 2022 gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.75% in 2021, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2029
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2020, valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2021 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Medicare Plan	Initial Costs for Members without Medicare Part A		
	Monthly Cost	Monthly Premium	Monthly Cost Adjusted to Age 65
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Rx	\$633	\$230	\$591
Kaiser Permanente Medicare	\$596	\$199	\$562

The 2021 Medicare Part A premium is \$471 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2020, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the TOL are summarized in the table below:

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2021	4.50%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.80%	4.00%
2024	5.60%	4.00%
2025	5.40%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.25%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for the DPS Division as shown below, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the TOL for the DPS HCTF, but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Reporting agencies of the DPS Division participate in the DPS HCTF.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

- **Females:** 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the Trust Fund:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2021 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

percentages and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the School 's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.75%	3.75%	4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$17,948	\$17,950	\$17,953

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2021, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the DPS HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the DPS HCTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$28,740	\$17,950	\$8,749

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the DPS HCTF’s FNP is available in PERA’s ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 10: TAXABLE PENSION CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION (PCOPs)

The Denver Public Schools District (the “District”) issued Taxable Pension Certificates of Participation (PCOPs) on July 17, 1997 to fully fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of the Plan. The School contributed 8.51%, 8.67%, and 9.21% of covered payroll for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively, to the District to cover its obligation relating to the PCOPs.

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the School contributed \$136,163 to the District for its PCOPs obligation.

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and Judgments

The School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2022 significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited but the School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the School.

Tabor Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20 (the "Tabor Amendment"), which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local government.

The Tabor Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretations. The School believes it has complied with the Amendment.

The School has established a reserve, representing 3% of qualifying expenditures, as required by the Amendment. At June 30, 2022, the emergency reserve of \$94,363 was reported as a restriction of net position and fund balance in the Governmental Activities and General Fund, respectively.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE Positive (Negative)	2021 ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources					
Per Pupil Revenue	\$ 1,422,157	\$ 1,387,984	\$ 1,387,984	\$ -	\$ 1,232,395
Mill Levy Override	460,517	470,622	470,603	(19)	429,185
ECE Funding	491,976	379,792	379,792	-	368,982
Autism Support	185,000	355,567	355,567	-	-
Tuition and Fees	7,500	9,000	8,520	(480)	-
Pupil Activities	7,350	6,200	4,880	(1,320)	2,770
Grants and Contributions	234,500	230,855	143,462	(87,393)	122,465
Interest	5,000	350	905	555	494
Other	93,134	70,277	75,704	5,427	116,878
State Sources					
Capital Construction	58,125	42,757	55,824	13,067	56,730
PERA-On Behalf Contribution	-	25,000	32,970	7,970	-
Grants	58,135	38,524	38,704	180	61,401
Federal Sources					
Grants	368,661	584,743	572,390	(12,353)	263,986
TOTAL REVENUES	3,392,055	3,601,671	3,527,305	(74,366)	2,655,286
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
Salaries	1,048,615	976,994	1,035,629	(58,635)	993,723
Employee Benefits	284,160	210,963	202,434	8,529	230,542
Purchased Services	78,583	67,557	61,490	6,067	48,764
Supplies and Materials	103,798	145,726	103,797	41,929	122,618
Property	79,351	77,667	38,013	39,654	20,586
Other	52,000	50,000	-	50,000	-
Total Instruction	1,646,507	1,528,907	1,441,363	87,544	1,416,233
Supporting Services					
Salaries	687,809	804,044	607,036	197,008	275,928
Employee Benefits	184,563	275,411	269,714	5,697	89,608
Purchased Services	839,029	858,181	313,146	545,035	666,056
Supplies and Materials	9,202	11,274	12,378	(1,104)	8,182
Property	-	50,000	-	50,000	-
Other	3,000	3,000	2,388	612	1,605
Debt Service					
Principal	-	-	308,391	(308,391)	-
Interest	-	-	91,627	(91,627)	-
Total Supporting Services	1,723,603	2,001,910	1,604,680	397,230	1,041,379
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,370,110	3,530,817	3,046,043	484,774	2,457,612
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	21,945	70,854	481,262	410,408	197,674
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers Out	-	-	(108,085)	(108,085)	(130,396)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	21,945	70,854	373,177	302,323	67,278
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	466,808	534,086	534,086	-	466,808
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 488,753	\$ 604,940	\$ 907,263	\$ 302,323	\$ 534,086

See the accompanying independent auditor's report

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
PERA DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS DIVISION TRUST FUND PLAN

Years Ended December 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.13307%	0.15513%	0.09600%	0.08700%	0.13300%	0.11700%	0.09800%	0.08300%	0.07300%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 7,946	\$ 697,963	\$ 632,648	\$ 890,033	\$ 1,192,503	\$ 1,281,815	\$ 800,530	\$ 520,522	\$ 378,340
State of Colorado Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	2,333	-	280,376	461,118	-	-	-	-	-
Total Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	10,279	697,963	913,024	1,351,151	1,192,503	1,281,815	800,530	520,522	378,340
Covered payroll	\$ 1,441,635	\$ 1,221,675	\$ 1,160,024	\$ 980,011	\$ 901,600	\$ 773,161	\$ 615,753	\$ 491,264	\$ 198,454
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	0.71%	57.1%	78.7%	137.9%	132.3%	165.8%	130.0%	106.0%	190.6%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	99.87%	90.14%	84.73%	75.70%	79.50%	74.10%	79.30%	83.90%	86.30%

NOTE: Information for the prior year was not available for this report.

See the accompanying independent auditor's report

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS
PERA DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS DIVISION TRUST FUND PLAN

Years Ended June 30,

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 129,944	\$ 93,536	\$ 75,453	\$ 62,669	\$ 42,695	\$ 36,681	\$ 21,764	\$ 25,395	\$ 20,683
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	129,944	93,536	75,453	62,669	42,695	36,681	21,764	25,395	20,683
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 1,579,041	\$ 1,251,445	\$ 1,160,024	\$ 980,011	\$ 945,268	\$ 837,285	\$ 722,178	\$ 528,750	\$ 426,591
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	8.23%	7.47%	6.50%	6.39%	4.52%	4.38%	3.01%	4.80%	4.85%

NOTE: Information for the prior year was not available for this report.

See the accompanying independent auditor's report

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
PERA DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND PLAN

Years Ended December 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.17064%	0.15513%	0.13900%	0.13200%	0.13300%	0.11700%
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 17,950	\$ 35,514	\$ 51,047	\$ 59,628	\$ 67,603	\$ 63,782
Covered payroll	\$ 1,441,635	\$ 1,221,675	\$ 1,160,024	\$ 980,011	\$ 901,600	\$ 773,161
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	1.25%	2.91%	4.40%	6.08%	7.50%	8.25%
Plan Fiduciary Net position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	83.93%	65.43%	46.98%	34.72%	30.45%	25.17%

NOTE: Information for the prior four years was not available for this report.

See the accompanying independent auditor's report

ACADEMY 360 CHARTER SCHOOL

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS
PERA DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND PLAN

Years Ended June 30,

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 16,105	\$ 12,763	\$ 11,834	\$ 9,998	\$ 9,642	\$ 8,540
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	16,105	12,763	11,834	9,998	9,642	8,540
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 1,579,041	\$ 1,251,445	\$ 1,160,024	\$ 980,011	\$ 945,268	\$ 837,285
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

NOTE: Information for the prior four years was not available for this report.

See the accompanying independent auditor's report